

# EFFECT OF FERTILIZATION VIA NUTRIENT SOLUTION ON THE NUTRITIONAL PROFILE AND CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF *CHICORIUM SPINOSUM L.*

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**1<sup>st</sup> Research  
Meeting on  
Biochemistry**



## Introduction



The availability of healthy and functional food is a worldwide concern to meet the increasing demands of consumers.



The concentration of fertilizing via nutrient solution can affect the production and quality of the nutritional value of leafy vegetables.



*Chicorium spinosum* L. is a wild edible plant that occurs in different Mediterranean climates, which has already been described and correlated with the prevention of chronic diseases and disorders [1–3].



## Materials and methods



7 samples of *C. spinosum*  
with different nutrient solution

Different ratios of nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium.



Nutritional profile

Crude protein, total dietary fiber, total fat, ash and carbohydrates.

**Energy** (kcal per 100 g) = 9x (g fat) +  
4x (g protein + g carbohydrate) +  
2x (g total dietary fiber)

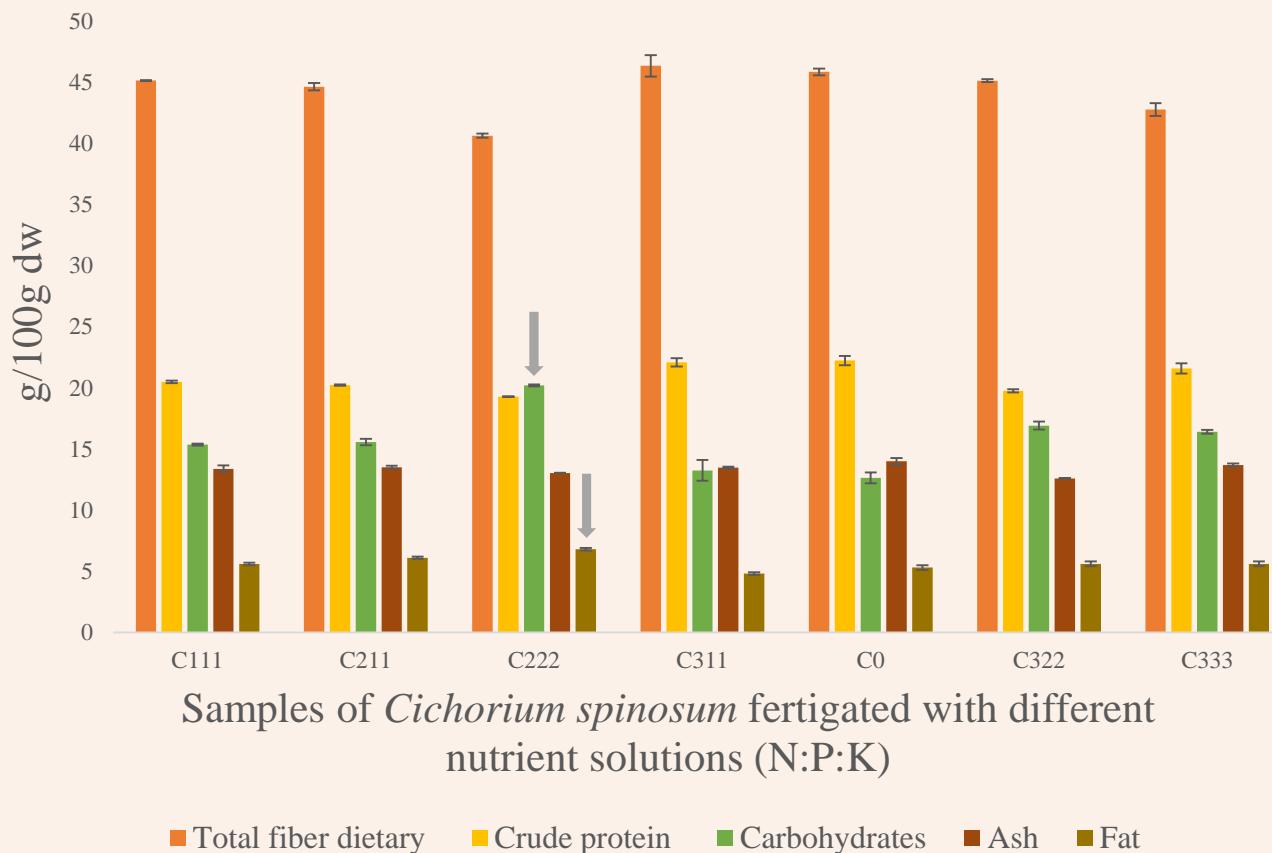
Chemical composition

Sugars free (HPLC-RI), fatty acids (GC-FID) and organic acids (UFLC-PDA).



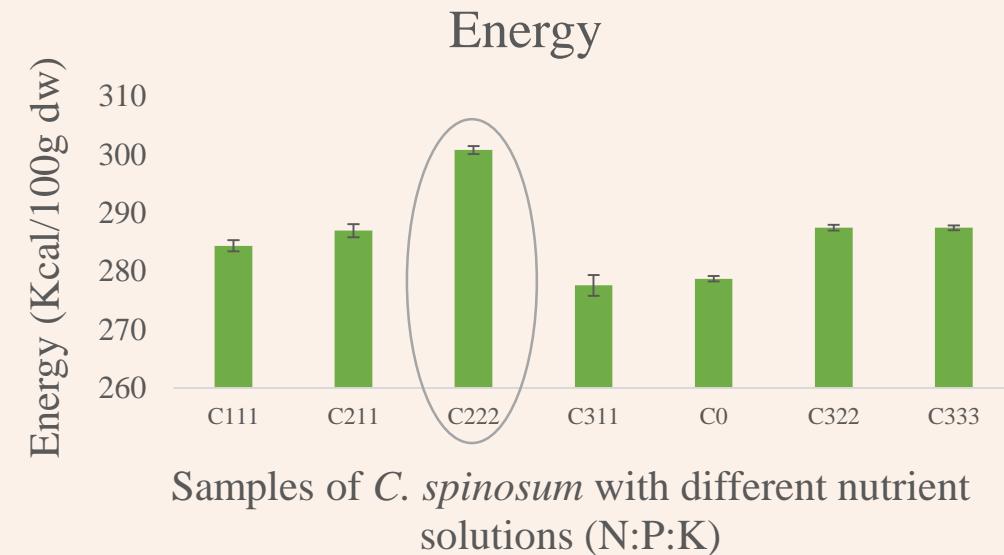
## Results

### Nutritional profile



**200:200:200 N:P:K**

The highest amounts of:  
Total fat, carbohydrates  
and energy.





## Results

### Sugars free

Glucose > sucrose > fructose



### Fatty acids

PUFA > SFA > MUFA



### Organic acids

↑ Quinic acid

↓ Oxalic and malic acids

The highest amounts of:

**300:100:100 N:P:K**

crude protein,  
total dietary fiber,  
organic acids.

**300:200:200 N:P:K**

Sugars and fatty acids,  
mainly linoleic acid





## Conclusions

The results demonstrated that it is possible by selecting the proper nutrient solution to improves the nutritional profile and functional compounds, thus enabling the cultivation of *C. spinosum* in controlled cropping systems, increasing yield and product availability, and making it available to a larger number of consumers.

## References

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# THANK YOU!



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